

## CLAIMS

1. A shed CD (sCD) fingerprint of one or more disease states.
- 5 2. A method of generating a shed CD (sCD) fingerprint of one or more disease state/s comprising the step of measuring the levels in parallel of more than one shed CDs from one or more individuals and collating the data.
- 10 3. A sCD fingerprint according to claim 1 or a method according to claim 2 wherein the disease state is any one or more selected from the group consisting of: infectious, neoplastic, autoimmune, metabolic, immunological, degenerative, psychological, psychiatric, iatrogenic, inflammatory, drug or toxin related, vascular, traumatic and endocrine diseases.
- 15 4. A sCD fingerprint or a method according any preceding claim wherein the disease state is any one or more selected from the group consisting of the following: infection, Bence Jones Proteinuria, Chronic Myeloid Leukemia, Colorectal cancer, chronic renal failure, Crohn's Disease, Diabetic Nephropathy, Cardiac pathology, Infection, Liver damage, Lymphoma, macrocytic anaemia, Prostate Cancer, Oligoclonal Banding and Pulmonary Embolism/Deep Vein Thrombosis and appendicitis.
- 20 5. A sCD fingerprint according to claim 1 or claim 3 or claim 4 or a method according to claim 2, claim 3 or claim 4 wherein the sCDs referred to comprise two or more selected from the group consisting: CD14, CD25, CD31, CD44, CD50, CD54, CD62E, CD62L, CD86, CD95, CD106, CD116, CD124, CD138, CD141, CD40L, CD8, CD23, CD30, CD40 and their homologues present in other mammalian or non-mammalian species.
- 30 6. A method according to any of claims 2 to 5 wherein the sCD levels are measured in samples of one or more body fluids from an individual.

7. A method according to claim 6 wherein the body fluid is serum.
8. A method according to any of claims 2 to 7 wherein sCD levels are measured  
5 using one or more methods selected from the group consisting of:  
immunoassay and flow cytometry.
9. A method according to claim 8 wherein sCD levels are measured using any one  
or more method selected from the group consisting of the following:  
10 multiplexed particle flow cytometry, chip based monoclonal antibody  
technology, chips comprising engineered antibodies, non protein agents which  
bind to one or more sCDs.
10. A method for predicting the presence of one or more disease states in an  
individual comprising the step of comparing one or more sCD fingerprint/s  
15 generated from that individual with one or more reference sCD fingerprint/s.
11. A method for detecting the presence of one or more disease states in an  
individual comprising the step of comparing one or more sCD fingerprint/s  
generated from that individual with one or more reference sCD fingerprint/s.  
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12. A method for detecting the extent of one or more disease states in an individual  
comprising the step of comparing one or more sCD fingerprint/s generated  
from that individual with one or more reference sCD fingerprint/s.
- 25 13. A method for assessing the progression of a disease state in an individual  
comprising the step of comparing the sCD fingerprint of an individual at two or  
more periods during the life-span of the disease.
14. A method for assessing the effect of one or more agent/s on one or more  
30 disease states in an individual comprising the step of comparing a sCD  
fingerprint of an individual at two or more different time periods.

15. The use of a sCD fingerprint to assess the effect of one or more agent/s on an individual.
16. A method for sub-categorising a sCD fingerprint profile comprising the steps of identifying within one disease category one or more group/s of sCDs wherein each group of sCDs exhibits common characteristics distinguishing it from any other group within that disease category.
17. A sCD database comprising pathological and/or normal sCD fingerprint patterns.
18. A method for treating one or more diseases comprising the step of inhibiting the production of one or more sCDs within an individual.
19. A method according to claim 18 wherein the one or more sCDs are any one or more of those selected from the group consisting of the following: CD14, CD25, CD31, CD44, CD50, CD54, CD62E, CD62L, CD86, CD95, CD106, CD116, CD124, CD138, CD141, CD40L, CD8, CD23, CD30, CD40.
20. A method according to claim 19 wherein at least one sCD is sCD1.
21. A method according to claim 18 or claim 19 wherein the production of one or more sCDs is inhibited by the use of one or more CD specific alternative splicing inhibitors.
22. A method according to any of claims 18 to 21 wherein the disease is any one or more of those selected from the group consisting of the following: tumourigenesis, infection, vascular disease, endocrine disease.
23. The use of an inhibitor of the production of one or more sCDs in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of disease.

24. The use according to claim 23, wherein that use exhibits any one or more of the features of claims 18 to 22.